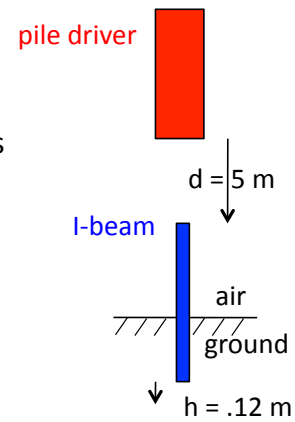


## Problem 7.35

A  $2.10 \times 10^3$  kg pile driver drops 5.00 meters before slamming into a I-beam in the ground. The I-beam is driven .120 meters into the ground before coming to rest. Using energy considerations, determine the average force the pile driver exerts on the I-beam.



Although this might not be immediately obvious, what we want to do is track the energy content of the pile driver from the time it starts from rest ( $v = 0$ ) up in the heavens to the time it comes again to rest ( $v = 0$ ) after smashing and driving the I-beam. Defining the force from the I-beam as " $\vec{F}_{\text{avg}}$ " and noticing that gravity does work over the entire " $d + h$ " distance, the Work/Energy Theorem without calculations looks like:

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{\text{net,driver}} &= W_{\text{gravity}} + W_{\text{I-beam}} \\
 \Rightarrow (W_{\text{gravity}}) + (W_{\text{I-beam}}) &= \cancel{KE_2} - \cancel{KE_1} \\
 \Rightarrow (\vec{F}_g \cdot (\vec{d} + \vec{h})) + (\vec{F}_{\text{avg,IBeam}} \cdot \vec{h}) &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

1.)

Following through with the calculation, we get:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(|\vec{F}_g| \cos \theta_g) (|\vec{d} + \vec{h}|) + (|\vec{F}_{\text{avg}}| \cos \theta_I) (|\vec{h}|) = 0 \\
 &((m)(g)) (d+h) \cos 0^\circ + (F_{\text{avg}}) h \cos 180^\circ = 0 \\
 &(2.10 \times 10^3 \text{ kg})(9.80 \text{ m/s}^2)(5.12 \text{ m}) (1) + (F_{\text{avg}})(.120 \text{ m}) (-1) = 0 \\
 &\Rightarrow F_{\text{avg}} = 8.78 \times 10^5 \text{ N}
 \end{aligned}$$

And, of course, this force will be upward.

2.)